Children's Wisconsin Pediatric Guidelines for outpatient anti-SARS-CoV2 treatment and prevention

06/14/23





Overview: outpatient COVID-19 therapeutics*

- Treatment (current + test, patient at high risk for severe illness)
 - Paxlovid if ≥12 years and ≥40 kg or adult (slides 3, 5)
 - Remdesivir any age (including <12 years or <40 kg) (slides 3, 5)
 - Molnupiravir if ≥18 years
 - Start within 5 days of sx onset for oral antiviral, 7 days for remdesivir
- Post-exposure prophylaxis (no current infection, yes recent exposure)
 - Not available as of 1/24/22 (slide 7)
- Pre-exposure prophylaxis (no current infection, no recent exposure)
 - Vaccination: all patients ≥ 6 months (slide 8)
 - Evusheld mAb: Not available as of 1/26/23 (slide 9)

*ID approval required for inpatient Paxlovid and outpatient remdesivir (slides 5, 6)

No approval required for Paxlovid or Molnupiravir prescribing at community pharmacies.

**no treatment monoclonal antibody available as of 11/30/22





Outpatient Treatment Details

- Patients with risk factors for progression to severe COVID-19 may qualify for pre-emptive treatment with an anti-SARS-CoV-2 antiviral agent.
 - NIH Treatment Guidelines for adult and pediatric patients
 - Choice of specific agent will depend on product availability, product authorizations status, patient eligibility by age/weight, hospitalization status, and drug contraindications (such as drug-drug interactions, liver/kidney dysfunction, history of infusion reactions, and pregnancy status)
 - Treatment agents are not authorized for use when agent has no activity against the dominant circulating variant
- Paxlovid* is an anti-SARS-CoV-2 oral antiviral
 - FDA approved for adults (5/25/2023)
 - Emergency Use Authorization (EUA) from the FDA for pediatric patients with age ≥12 years and weight ≥40 kg
 - · Available through the CW investigational drug pharmacy and many community pharmacies
- Remdesivir** is an anti-SARS-CoV-2 intravenous antiviral
 - FDA approved for adults and pediatric patients with age ≥28 days and weight ≥3 kg (4/25/22 pediatric FDA approval)
 - May be used outpatient as 3 daily infusions in the Special Isolation Unit (Infusion Center).





^{*}Requires ID approval to use CW supply

^{**}Requires ID approval for outpatient use; no approval required for inpatient use

Pediatric risk factors for progression to severe COVID-19 infection

Tier 1, High Priority: Immunocompromised individuals not expected to mount an adequate immune response to vaccine

- 1. Any patients with absent or near absent T cells (<300 cells in infants or <100 cells in older children)
 - a. Organ transplant recipients receiving anti-thymocyte globulin (ATG) or high dose immunosuppression within 3 months
 - b. Patients with recent conditioning for bone marrow transplant (BMT), hemophagocytic lymphohistiocytosis (HLH) treatment, or high-dose immunosuppression for aplastic anemia
 - c. Patients receiving induction therapy which depletes T cells for malignancy
- 2. Patients with common variable immunodeficiency, congenital agammaglobulinemias, or other primary immunodeficiencies characterized by an absent or poor specific Ab response to vaccination.
- 3. Patients with autoimmune diseases with high dose immunosuppression (i.e. systemic lupus erythematosus, steroids greater than 40mg daily and cytoxan therapy, multiple T cell inhibitors, or rituximab)

Tier 2, Medium Priority: Unvaccinated individuals with clinical risk factors for severe disease

- 1. Patients with at least two risk factors for severe COVID-19 including obesity (>95%ile for age), moderate-severe asthma, hypertension, poorly-controlled diabetes, DKA, chronic lung disease, congenital heart disease, developmental disability, chronic liver disease, and chronic kidney disease
- 2. Patients on less intensive immunosuppression or mild-moderate immunodeficiency AND with chronic organ damage
- 3. Patients with end-stage lung or cardiac disease (i.e. dependence on chronic respiratory support, pulmonary hypertension, single ventricle disease with significant cyanosis, ventricular-assist devices, surfactant deficiency, CF with FEV1<40% predicted)
- 4. Sickle cell disease
- 5. Severe obesity (>99%ile for age)

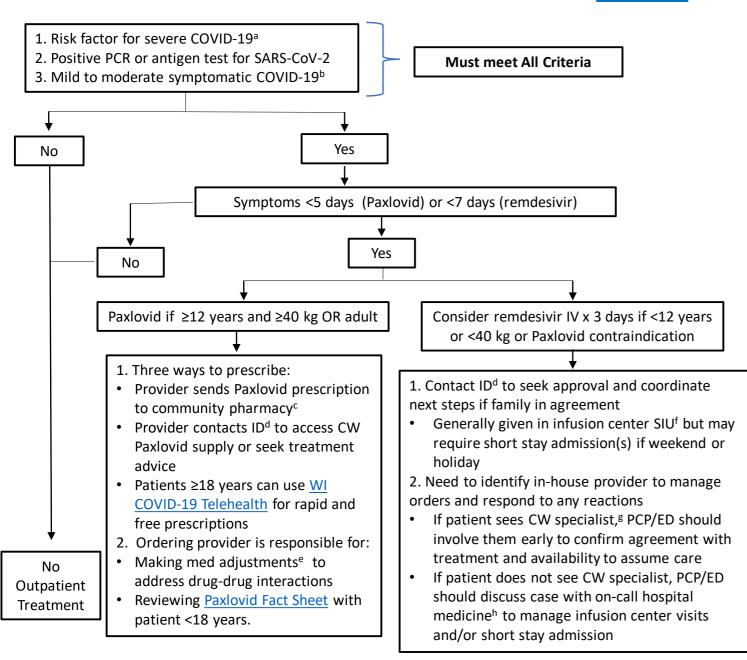
Tier 4, Low Priority: Vaccinated individuals with clinical risk factors for severe disease

- Same risk factors as Tier 2
- 2. Priority within this group to individuals who have not received a booster dose





Treatment of mild-moderate COVID-19 at CW



- a. Risk factors for severe COVID-19 from CDC https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/hcp/clinical-care/underlyingconditions.html
- b. Mild to moderate symptomatic COVID-19 = NOT requiring hospitalization due to COVID-19 AND no new or increased oxygen requirement or respiratory support
- c. Pharmacies with Paxlovid: https://www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/covid-19/treatments.htm. Epic and other EMRs will not alert providers if a pharmacy does not carry Paxlovid.
- d. ID office M-F/7-3, 414-337-7070 or page ID on-call with urgent or afterhours requests. Additional resources on <u>COVID treatment page</u> on intranet or https://childrenswi.org/medical-professionals/tools-and-resources/covid-19-resources).
- e. Questions about managing Paxlovid drug-drug interactions can be directed to the ambulatory clinic pharmacist on Voalte or contact the central pharmacy (414-266-3302). Additional resources:

https://www.covid19-druginteractions.org/checker https://www.med.umich.edu/asp/pdf/outpatient_guidelines/Paxlovid-DDI.pdf

https://www.covid19treatmentguidelines.nih.gov/therapies/antiviral-therapy/ritonavir-boosted-nirmatrelvir--paxlovid-/

Work with relevant CW specialist for difficult to manage interactions^d. Do not assume that community pharmacy will identify interactions f. Infusion center visits will include ~1 hr infusion + 1 hr observation period. Potential side effects include infusion reactions and anaphylaxis (fever, chills, nausea, headache, pruritis, rash including urticaria, throat irritation, myalgia, dizziness, bronchospasm, hypotension). AST/ALT baseline check with remdesivir.

g. Relevant specialists: oncology/BMT, cardiology, pulmonary, gastroenterology, rheumatology, hematology, immunology, endocrine, nephrology. Page via CW operator 414-266-2000 or physician access center.

Children's Wisconsin

Roles and responsibilities for outpatient drug requests

PCP

ED/UC

CW Specialist







- Identify potentially eligible patient
- Confirm that patient/family interested in antiviral therapy
- For IV infusions, reach out to CW specialist on patient's care team to take over next steps
- Offer COVID-19 vaccine after infection isolation period
- If no CW specialist available or oral drug request, request drug or advice via ID on- call.
- Verbally consent patient for drug and provide FDA Fact Sheet
- Provide sign-out to Hospital Med for care during infusion visit
- Order Paxlovid Rx

- Identify potentially eligible patient or receive call from PCP/ED
- Confirm that patient/family interested in antiviral therapy
- Request drug via or advice via ID oncall
- Verbally consent patient for drug and provide FDA Fact Sheet
- Order remdesivir using orderset or Paxlovid Rx to print
- Designate a team member to be available on-campus during infusion to review treatment-related lab results (per order set) and in case of infusion reaction
- Provide sign-out to PCP that COVID-19 vaccine should be offered after infection isolation period

ID physician and nurse



- Receive antiviral request phone or page
- Share approval decision and resources to assist with talking points for family/patient
- Communicate approval with pharmacy
- Direct requester to infusion staff for scheduling and ordering process
- Facilitate identification of oncampus team member for infusion (subspecialist or Hospital Med)

ID will not order medication or speak to outpatient family/patient directly





Anti-SARS-CoV-2 mAb for Post-exposure Prophylaxis of COVID-19

1/24/22- Post-exposure prophylaxis program on hold

- mAb products are not authorized for post-exposure prophylaxis of COVID-19 in geographic regions where exposure is likely to have been to a non-susceptible SARS-CoV-2 variant
- All mAb products with previous authorization for post-exposure prophylaxis have no activity against the current circulating variant in our area





PEDIATRIC COVID-19 vaccination

- Recommended for all patients 6 months through adult
- Schedule depends on age, health status and product
- See <u>COVID-19 Vaccine Interim Schedule</u> for current vaccine schedules
 - Footnotes include information on booster doses and extended intervals between doses 1 & 2 for some people to minimize the small risk of myocarditis and pericarditis





Anti-SARS-CoV-2 mAb for Pre-exposure Prophylaxis of COVID-19

- Evusheld (tixagevimab/cilgavimab): monoclonal antibody (mAb) that provides 6 months of protection from COVID-19 infection (77% reduction in symptomatic COVID-19 in 2021, early 2022)
 - Update 1/26/23- no longer authorized for use due to resistance in the predominant circulating variants



