Children's Wisconsin

Co-Management Guidelines

To support collaborative care, we have developed guidelines for our community providers to utilize when referring to, and managing patients with, the pediatric specialists at Children's Wisconsin. These guidelines provide protocols for jointly managing patient cases between community providers and our pediatric specialists.

Diabetes Type 1 and Type 2 Diagnosis/symptoms Referring When to initiate How to refer to Endocrine Specialist's workup will likely include: provider's initial referral/consider Clinic: evaluation and refer to Endocrine Clinic: management: If any of the Signs and symptoms History and All newly diagnosed patients After referral to Endocrine Clinic: physical exam • History of excessive thirst or urination, unintentional weight following: with diabetes type 1 and 2 are History loss, vomiting, abdominal pain, or fatigue and other significant Height, Hemoglobin A1C considered urgent referrals: Physical exam weight, BMI history. During flu and virus season the symptoms may mimic 6.5% or greater PCP should call Children's Evaluation of growth charts and the flu. If suspicious please do a routine urinalysis to screen (confirm by NGSP Physician Consultation line: prior labs if available for glucose and ketones at the minimum. Missed cases may be Labs: (800) 266-0366. certified method • Point of care testing: Hemoglobin life threatening and could lead to devastating events. Hgb A1C level if A1c < 7.0 and A1c, blood sugar, urinalysis • For A1c >6.5patient Routine referrals for already • Other labs typically needed: Thyroid Patients with type 2 diabetes may present asymptomatic with 7.0% in treated patients with diabetes asymptomatic) Antibodies, TSH, Free T4, Total IgA, glucosuria, hyperglycemia or an A1c >6.5% found incidentally on can be sent by regular means: asymptomatic • Positive urine or GAD-65, IAA, ICA 512, and routine screening. patient, blood ketones Transglutaminase IgA please Internal Provider using Epic: and fasting blood For more information, consult referral guides confirm result sugar = 126 or Place Ambulatory by a NGSP Referral to Endocrine greater certified Random blood method (can sugar 200 or



 Reference: Download the ADA Guidelines for information on the diagnosis of diabetes (PDF) from: https://diabetesjournals.org/care/issue/45/Supplement 1 	send to Quest) • Routine urinalysis and/or point	greater with symptoms of diabetes Send to ED if ketones are in moderate to	External Provider using Epic / EMR: • Send external referral order to CHW_ENDOCRINOLOGY	
	of care urine for glucose and ketones.	large range or if child is lethargic, vomiting or having labored breathing.	CLINICS OR Fax to Central Scheduling @ 414 (607-5288)	
	Point of care blood glucose if able. Blood glucose (fasting or random).		In order to help triage our patients and maximize the visit it would also be helpful to include: • Chief complaint, onset, frequency • Recent progress notes • Urgency of the referral • Labs and imaging results • Other Diagnoses • Office notes with medications tried/failed in the past and any lab work that may have been obtained regarding this patient's problems. • Growth charts • For a transfer referral include last known insulin regimen and most recent labs.	



Medical Disclaimer

Medicine is a dynamic science; as research and clinical experience enhance and inform the practice of medicine, changes in treatment protocols and drug therapies are required. The authors have checked with sources believed to be reliable in their effort to provide information that is complete and generally in accord with standards accepted at the time of publication. However, because of the possibility of human error and changes in medical science, neither the authors nor Children's Hospital and Health System, Inc. nor any other party involved in the preparation of this work warrant that the information contained in this work is in every respect accurate or complete, and they are not responsible for any errors in, omissions from, or results obtained from the use of this information. Readers are encouraged to confirm the information contained in this work with other sources.



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